FLOOD EARLY WARNING SYSTEM (FLEWS) & FOREST FIRE MODELING

NORTH EAST REGINAL NODE FOR DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (NER DRR)





NE REGION

- •8 states -26.2 m.h
- •8% of Indian total geo area
- 3.85% of total pop-39 m

Sikkim

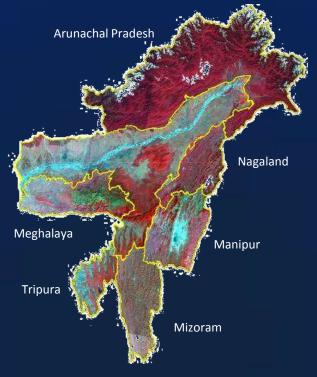
•28.3% pop alt. > 1200 m

•17.9% between 600-

1200m

•10.8% between 300-600m

Hilly areas sparsely populated 63/sq.km to 369/sq.km in plains



NESAC

STRENTHS

- Rich natural resources
- Biological diversity
- Cultural heritage
- •Mineral rich
- Hydropower potential

CHALLENGES

- Loss of biodiversity
- Deforestation,
- soil erosion
- Poor infrastructure
- Disasters

RS & GIS

Satellite communication

Atmos. Science

NER-DRR

Disasters in NE region

- □ Apart from earthquake (Zone V), floods, landslides, forest fires, severe cyclones, thunderstorms and river bank erosion are becoming annual events in most parts of the region.
- □ Drought (Agri) has been affecting parts of NER, particularly Assam and Manipur in last few years.
- □ Destruction of forests, unplanned construction of embankments and roads, cutting of hill slopes, etc. have further accentuated the problems in the region.

Ctatas		Disasters and their spatial distribution in NER											
States	Earthquake	Landslides	Flood	Cyclone	Thunderstorm	Cloudburst	For. fire	Drought					
Arunachal	٧	٧			٧	٧		٧					
Pradesh							*						
Assam	٧	٧	٧	٧	٧		*	٧					
Manipur	٧	٧	٧					٧					
Meghalaya	٧	٧	٧	٧	٧			٧					
Mizoram	٧	٧		٧	٧			٧					
Nagaland	٧	٧			٧			٧					
Sikkim	٧	٧		٧	٧								
Tripura	٧		٧	٧	٧		1	٧					

Severity level [Red: Very severe, Orange: Severe, Green: Moderate, Black: Low]

□ Disaster **preparedness in NER** is a high priority concern and needs for a coordinated effort for taking up Disaster Risk Reduction activities

Setting up of NORTH EASTERN REGIONAL node for DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (NER-DRR)

☐ Chairman, ISRO/ Secretary, DOS has inaugurated the setting up of NER-DRR on 26th July, 2011 at NESAC.

NER-DRR is approved with a tentative budget of Rs 395.00 lakhs (Rs 334.00 lakhs as capital one time investment and Rs 61.00 lakhs as recurring) based on Execution document submitted by NESAC.

NER-DRR is envisaged to carry out functions viz.

building comprehensive geo-spatial database for the region

developing decision support tools developing actionable products and services.



Dr. K. Radhakrishnan, Chairman ISRO/NESAC-GC & Secretary, Department of Space has inaugurated the initiation of setting up of NER-DRR



NER-DRR was briefed to the Hon'ble Minister of State (independent charge) for Development of North Eastern Region (DoNER) and Parliamentary Affairs and Chairman, NEC, President, NESAC-Society [2012]

Towards operationalization



Recruited 8 project scientist

Prepared Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for major disasters

The registration of www.nerdrr.gov.in has been done as a web portal. This will be tuned towards geo portal containing geo-spatial information.

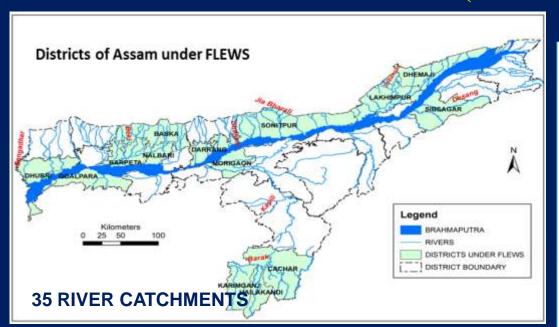


Dr Navalgund committee reviewed NER DRR)

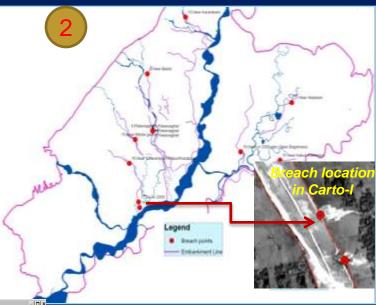
FLEWS was demonstrated to Dr APJ Abdul Kalam (July 2013)

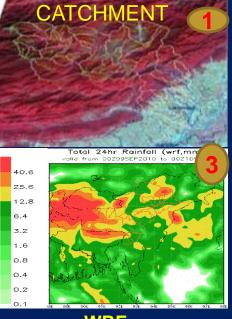
CANEUS SS (10012014)

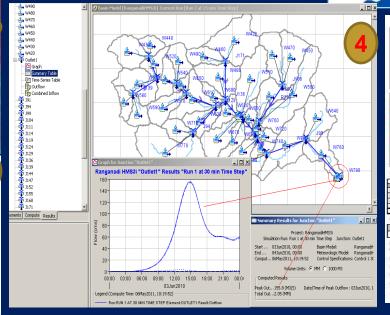
FLOOD EARLY WARNING SYSTEM (FLEWS)

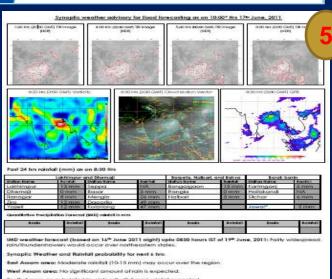


ASDMA Embankment breach map of Lakhimpur district of Assam









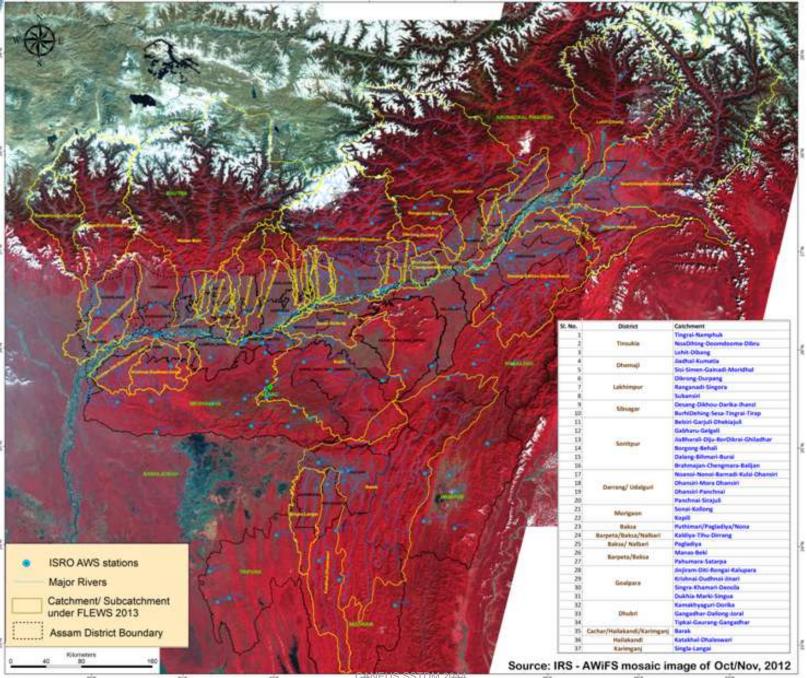
HEC HMS

SYNOPTIC VIEW

The state of the s

FLEWS - Catchments and River Systems covered upto 2013







FLEWS – DISTRICTS and RIVER SYSTEMS covered upto 2013



Catchment Area Coverage

❖Under Brahmaputra River Basin = 1,92,379 sq km

❖Under Barak River Basin = 32,595 sq km

		YEATH FAITHER SPACE APPLICATE				
SI.	District(s)	Catchment(s)/River Systems				
1		Tingrai-Namphuk				
2	Tinsukia	NoaDihing-Doomdooma-Dibru				
3		Lohit-Dibang				
4	Dhamaii	Jiadhal-Kumatia				
5	Dhemaji	Sisi-Simen-Gainadi-Moridhal				
6		Dikrong-Durpang				
7	Lakhimpur	Ranganadi-Singora				
8		Subansiri				
9	Sibsagar	Desang-Dikhou-Darika-Jhanzi				
10	Sibsagar	BurhiDehing-Sesa-Tingrai-Tirap				
11		Belsiri-Garjuli-Dhekiajuli				
12		Gabharu-Gelgeli				
13	Conitmus	JiaBharali-Diju-BorDikrai-Ghiladhar				
14	Sonitpur	Borgong-Behali				
15		Dalang-Bihmari-Burai				
16		Brahmajan-Chengmara-Balijan				
17		Noanoi-Nonoi-Barnadi-Kulsi-Dhansiri				
18	Dorrong/ Hdolauri	Dhansiri-Mora Dhansiri				
19	Darrang/ Udalguri	Dhansiri-Panchnai				
20		Panchnai-Sirajuli				
21	Morigaon	Sonai-Kollong				
22	Morigaon	Kopili				
23	Baksa	Puthimari/Pagladiya/Nona				
24	Barpeta/Baksa/Nalbari	Kaldiya-Tihu-Dirrang				
25	Baksa/ Nalbari	Pagladiya				
26	Barpeta/Baksa	Manas-Beki				
27	Bai peta/Baksa	Pahumara-Satarpa				
28		Jinjiram-Diti-Rongai-Kalupara				
29	Goalpara	Krishnai-Dudhnoi-Jinari				
30	Goalpara	Singra-Khamari-Deosila				
31		Dukhia-Marki-Singua				
32		Kamakhyaguri-Dorika				
33	Dhubri	Gangadhar-Dailong-Joral				
34		Tipkai-Gaurang-Gangadhar				
35	Cachar/Hailakandi/Karimganj	Barak				
36	Hailakandi	Katakhal-Dhaleswari				
37	Karimganj	Singla-Langai 8				



STAKEHOLDERS of FLEWS



Role

All supports such as Administrative maps, River Index maps, coordination with all concerned state government departments/centres for flood alert dissemination, hydrological database build-up, propagation of FLEWS output to concerned end user through DDMA of concerned districts, etc)

Assam State Disaster Management Authority (ASDMA)

Central Water Commission (CWC)

India Meteorological Department (IMD)

Assam Water Resources Department (AWRD)

North Eastern Council (NEC)

Brahmaputra Board

North Eastern Electric Power Corporation(NEEPCO), etc

EMBANKMENTS

(i) Temporal Cartosat -1 satellite data Aft Scene of various acquisition

DATA USED

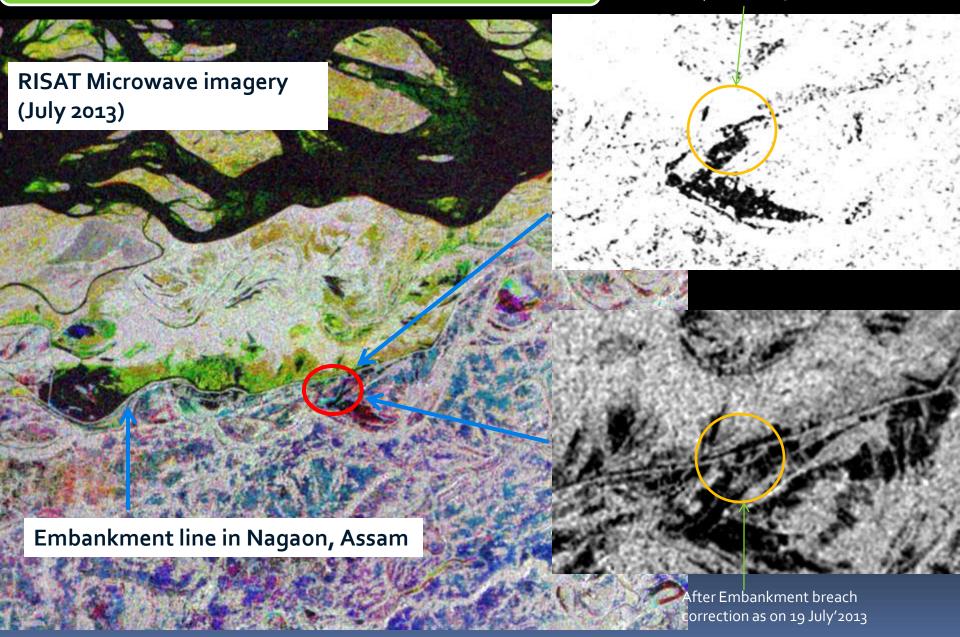
MAJOR COMPONENTS OF EMBANKMENT BREACH WATCH

- Monitoring of embankments using high resolution Cartosatdata before flood season
- **Post** flood embankment breaches identification and mapping at district level.
- Report breach locations/points in flood prone river systems for mitigation works.

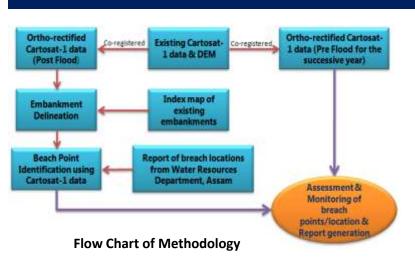


Embankment Breach Study using RISAT imagery

Breached Embankment (Histogram equalization), 31st Dec 2012



ASSESSMENT AND MONITORING OF RIVER EMBANKMENT BREACH LOCATIONS UNDER FLEWS IN ASSAM



Objectives

- 1) To get a detailed stock of Embankment breaches in different district of Assam just after end of the monsoon (post flood).
- 2) To monitor the status of the Embankment breaches well in advance of probable occurrence of flood in subsequent year (pre-flood)

Assessment of Embankment breach

District	River	No of Breaches
Nalbari	Mora Pagladia	4
Naibari	Nadla Drainage Channel.	5
Baska	Golondi	1
Daska	Puthimari	2
Karimganj	Longai	1
Morigaon	Brahmaputra	2
Sivasagar	Dikhow	1
	Mitong	1

A total of 39 breaches were identified in different district of Assam under FLEWS

		- 6
District	River	No. of Breaches
Sonitpur	Brahmaputra	3
Soriitpui	Brahmajan	5
Darrang	Nonoi	1
	Deojara	2
Barpeta	Mora Chowlkhowa	2
	Pahumara	3



District	River	Statues as on 30 March 2012			
	Brahmaputra	Not plugged Till 23rd February			
Dhemaji	Brahmaputra	Not plugged Till 23rd February			
	Brahmaputra	Not plugged Till 23rd February			
	Brahmaputra	Satellite data not available			
Sivasagar	Dikhow	Not Plugged			
	Mitong	Not Plugged			
Darrang	Nonoi	Plugged			
	Mora Pagladia	plugged			
Nalbari	Mora Pagladia	plugged			
	Mora Pagladia	plugged			

Dec-Jan

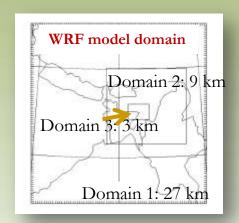
Embankment Breach Monitoring

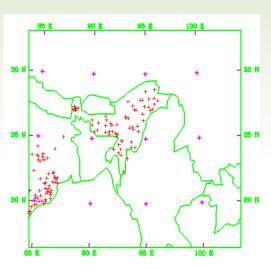
CANELIS SSTDM 2

Numerical Weather prediction using Weather Research and Forecasting (WRF) model

Highlights

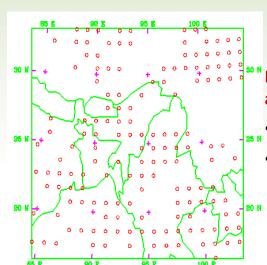
- The WRF model is run in nested domain with 27 km for the primary domain, 9 km for entire NER, and 3 km for the *Leshka*
- Provision has been made to access the HPC in INCOIS, Hyderabad through remote log in to run the model and the data from AWS and satellite derived wind is assimilated in the model.
- □NARL extended HPC facility for 24/7 now...
- ☐ Shared technical details to Bihar & W B States





AWS data assimilation

- ■Wind speed,
- Wind direction,
- ■Temperature,
- Pressure,
- ■Relative humidity

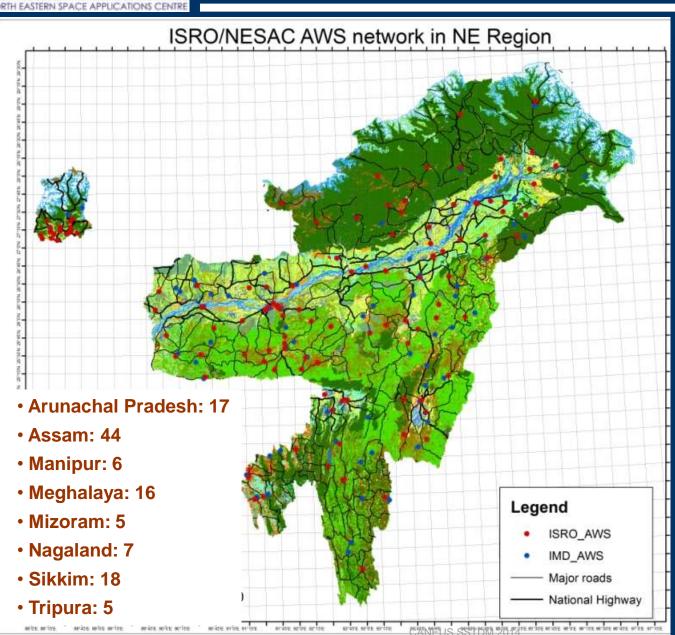


KALPANA - 1 CMV assimilation:

- •wind speed and
- wind direction



AWS network in NER of India



- Temperature
- Atm.

Pressure

Relative Humidity







Data Used

WPS: PREPROCESSING MODULE

- WRFTerrestrial Data
- NCEP GFS Initial data at 1°×1° resolution

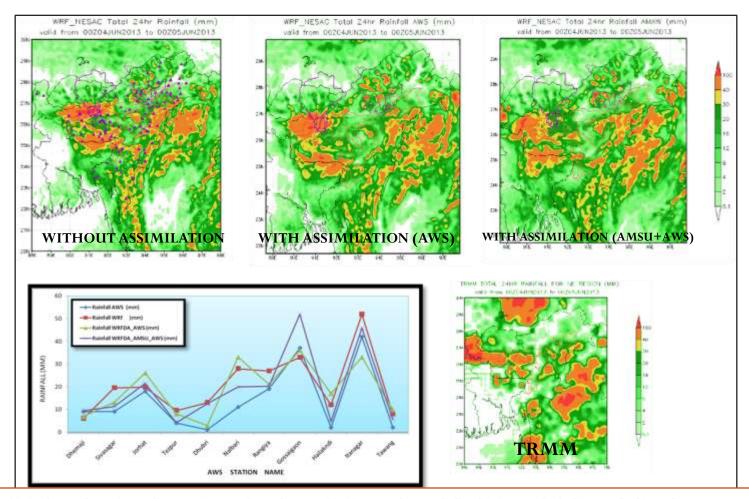
WRFDA: DATA ASSIMILATION

- AWS : Wind Speed, Wind Direction, Temperature, Pressure and Relative Humidity
- Kalpana 1: Wind Speed and Wind Direction
- Oceansat 2: Wind speed and Wind Direction
- Radiosonde: Temperature, Pressure, Dew point Temperature, Wind Speed, Wind Direction
- Amsu: Radiance Data

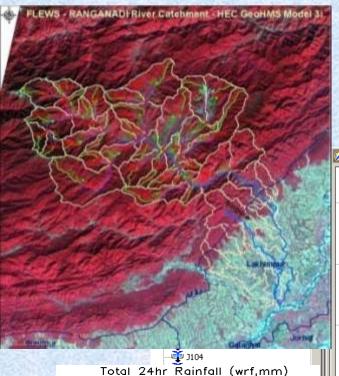




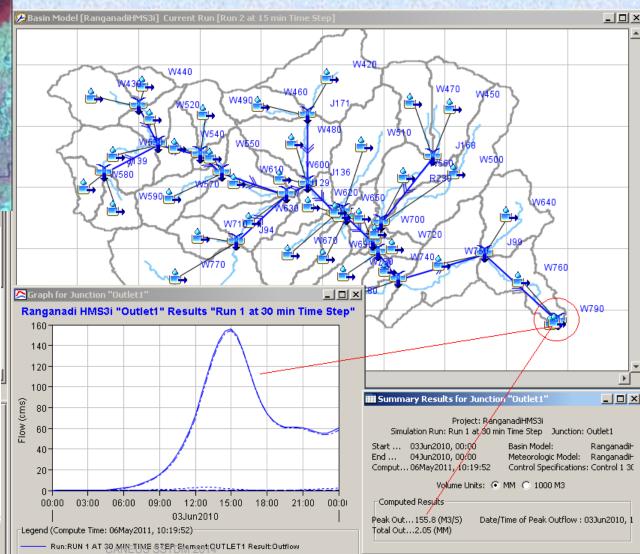
Result of AMSU Data Assimilation for Rainfall forecast

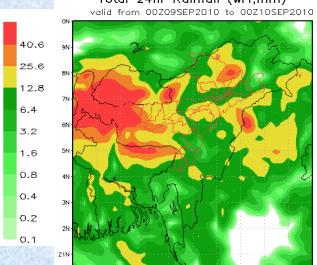


ASSIMILATION OF AMSU RADIANCE DATA INCREASES THE ACCURACY OF WRF FORECAST



HEC Geo HMS model set up



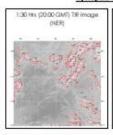


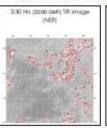
93E

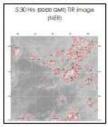


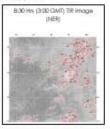
Synoptic rainfall forecast for FLEWS

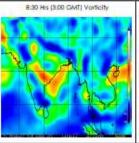
Synoptic weather advisory for FLEWS Project as on 10:00" Hrs 14th July, 2011

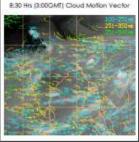


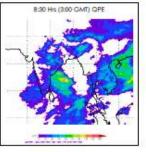












Past 24 hrs rainfall (mm) as on 8:30 Hrs

Lakhimpur and Dhemaji				Barpela, Nalbari	and Baksa	Barak basin		
Station Name	Reinfell	Station Name	Rainfull	Station Name	Reinfell	Station Name	Rainfall	
Lakhimpur	28 mm	Seppa	NA	Bongaigaon	39 mm	Karimgani	7 mm	
Dhemaji	50	Basar	55 mm	Rangia	NA	Hailakandi	41	
Itanagar	33 mm	Mengio	12 mm	Nalbari	0 mm	Silohar	34 mm	
Ziro	19 mm	Daporijo	81 mm	Barpeta	10 mm	52020000	2000000000	
Yazeli	14 mm	Koloriang	69 mm		Attended			

Quantitative Precipitation Forecast (IMD) rainfall in mm

Basin	Rainfall	Basin	Rainfall (mm)	Sasin	Rainfall	Basin	Rainfail
Subansiri	NA			j j			

NA- Not Available

IMD weather forecast (based on 13th July 2011 Night) up to 0830 hours IST of 16th July, 2011: Fairly widespread rain/thundershowers over northeastern states

Synoptic Weather and rainfall probability for next 12 hrs:

East Assam area: Heavy rainfall reported during last 24 hours. More rainfall amounting to 10-20 mm expected over the area. Some parts of Latchimpur and Dhemaji district bordering Arunachal Pradesh may receive heavy rainfall amounting to 20-30 mm. Need to observe critically.

West Assam area: Low to moderate rain fall 5-15 mm expected over the area.

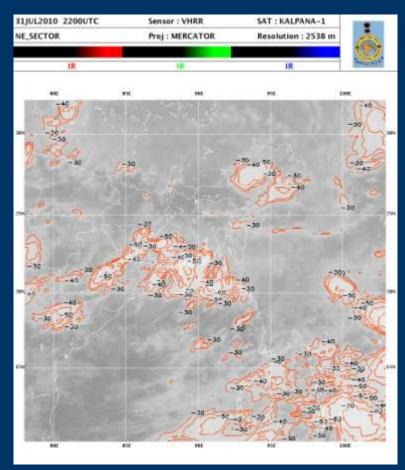
South Assam area: Moderate rain fall (10-20) mm expected over the eastern parts of the basin, Other areas may get low rainfall (0-10 mm).

Salient features of the advisory

- Forecast is issued twice daily.
- Forecast valid for 6-12 hours depending on system intensity.
- Forecast is based on multi-platform and multi-source data.
- Forecast is based on near real time data.
- Rainfall forecast in the range bins of 0-10mm, 10-25mm, 25-50mm, and more than 50 mm.
- Quantitative rainfall forecast for each basin under study.
- IMD synoptic weather forecast also is a part of the advisory.



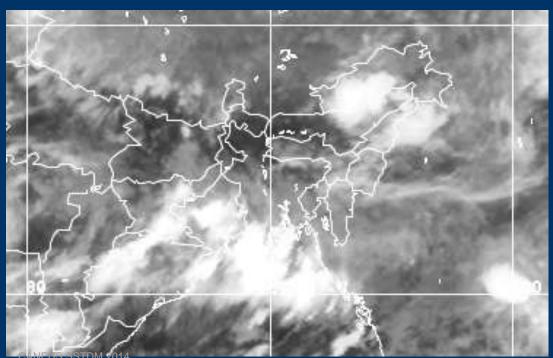
Synoptic weather analysis Cloud Information from TIR channel image



Source of data: IMD and MOSDAC

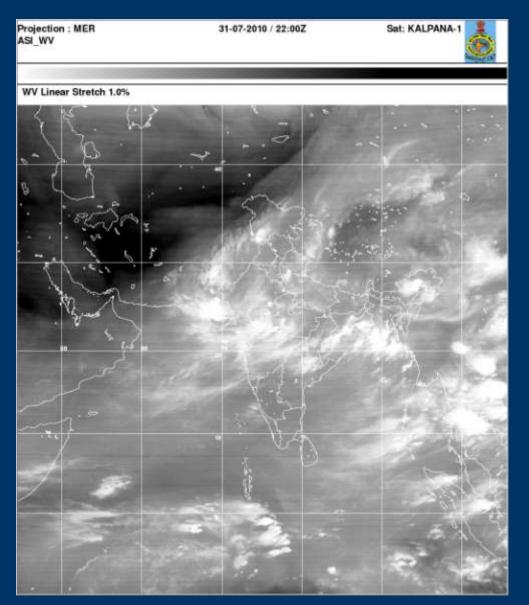
TIR (10.5-12.5 µm) Image of NER sector and Indian sector (for synoptic overview) is used.

NER sector image is available with cloud top temperature (CTT). CTT value less than -40 °C indicates presence of cumulonimbus cloud (if not cirrus cloud), which normally gives heavy precipitation (apprx 25 mm)





Synoptic weather analysis Columnar moisture from WV channel image



Water Vapor channel (5.7-7.1 µm) Image of Indian sector and NER sector is used.

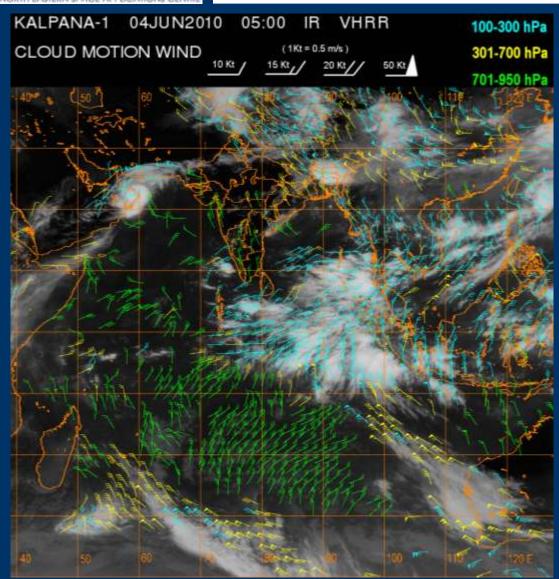
WV image provides information on total precipitable water vapor in the atmosphere column.

WV channel image helps in differentiating the cirrus clouds from cumulonimbus clouds and also to identify presence of moisture in atmosphere.

Source of data: IMD and MOSDAC



Synoptic weather analysis Cloud Motion Vector (CMV)



CMV gives the wind speed and direction at three levels.

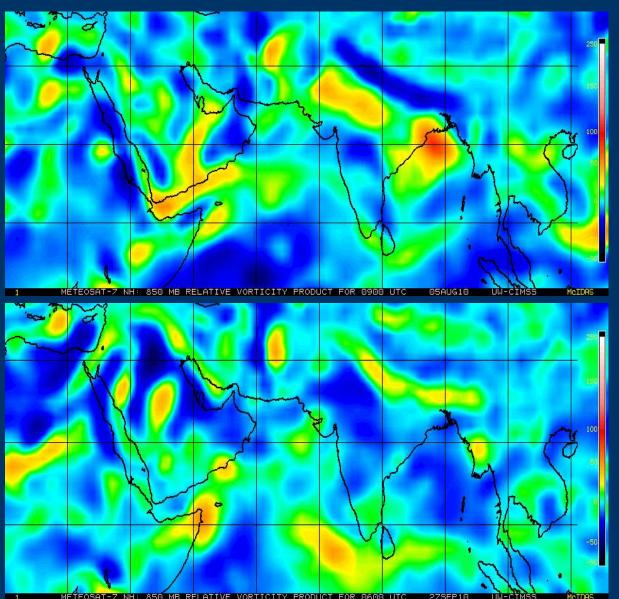
CMV Image is observed to guess the direction of motion of existing cloud during next 12 hours (apprx).

CMV is available for lower (0.5 - 3.5 km), middle (3.5-8.0 km) and upper (8.0 -16.0 km) atmosphere.

Source of data: IMD, MOSDAC, University of Wisconsin



Synoptic weather analysis Relative vorticity



Relative vorticity at 850mb, 700 mb, and 500 mb indicates about degree of instability in the atmosphere (a condition conducive for convection).

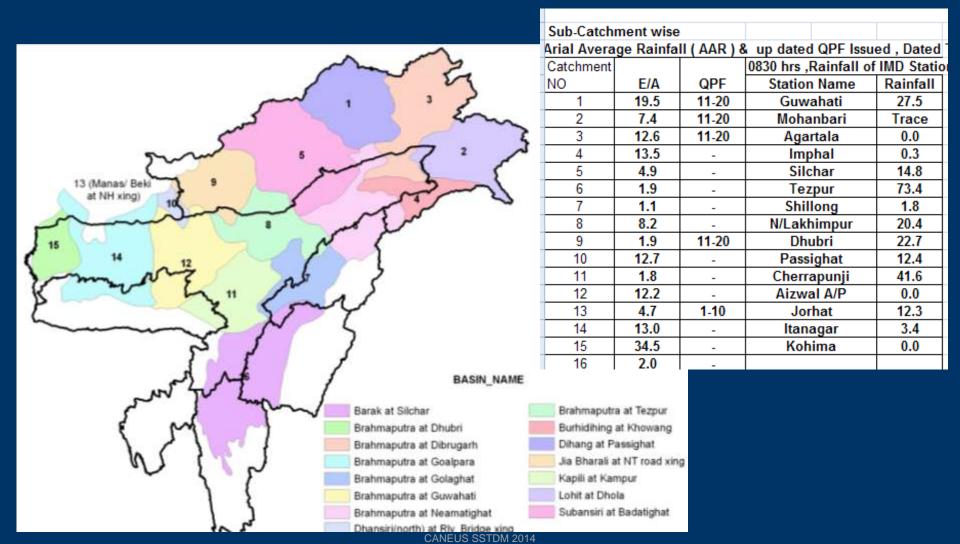
During monsoon season, Strong vorticity normally leads to strong system formation, because of steady moisture supply.

Source of data: Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS), Wisconsin University, USA.



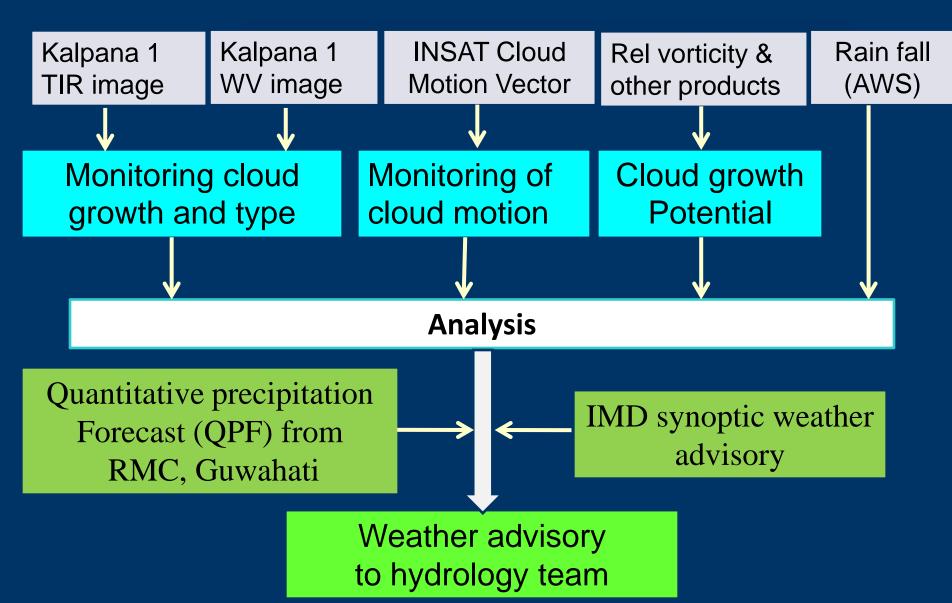
Quantitative Precipitation Forecast (QPF)

FMO, RMC, Guwahati provides basin-wise rainfall forecast for 24 hours using analog forecasting technique.



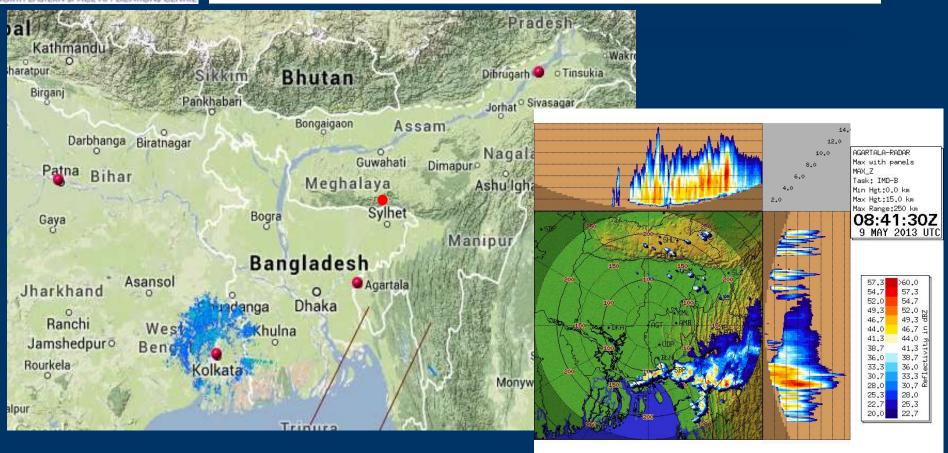


Synoptic Weather forecasting: Flow Chart

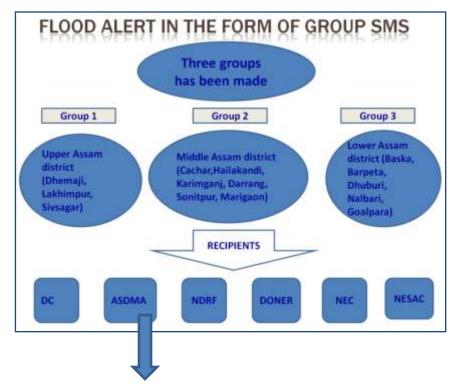




Doppler Weather Radar



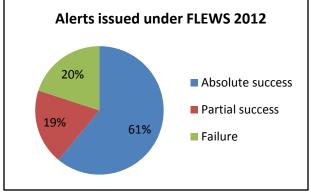
- The Z data from DWR at Mohanbari helps in confirming the cloud intensity over eastern Assam area. DWR at Mohanbari was out of order during 2013 monsoon.
- The DWRs at Kolkata and Agartala helps in tracking approaching system during summer monsoon season. The DWR in Cherrapunjee, once operational shall help in rainfall forecast over western Assam.

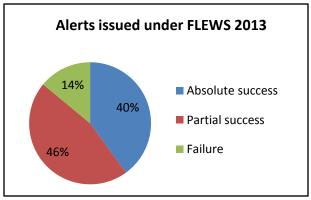


The District Project Officer (Disaster Management) is the nodal officer for the information dissemination of the NESAC warning. He apprises the DC, ADC (DM) and other key stake holders like Circle Officers, Water Resource Deptt., NIC, PWD (Roads) Deptt., National Disaster Response Force about probable flood vulnerability, through SMS and phone, mobile / personnel messenger. National Informatics Centre (NIC), Lakhimpur Unit has provided technical support for sending bulk SMS.

Alerts issued under FLEWS (2012-2013)

Year	2012	2013
Total Alerts issued	64	35
Flood reported	04	33
(Abs. Success)	39	14
Water Level rise reported		
(Part. Success)	12	16
No flood reported		
(Failure)	13	5





The alert format

Thursday, 30 August, 2012 15:14 PM

Respected all concerned

Our hydromet analysis reveals a probable low flood situation in Dhemaji in coming 48 hours as per following details.

District: Dhemaji

Rivers: Jiadjal-Kumatia & Subtribs (Gogamukh,

Dhemaji RCs)

Gainadi & subtribs (Sisiborgaon RC)

Severity: Low

This alert has the approval of Director, NESAC

Regards FLEWS Team, NESAC SISSEARGAON RC

SISSEARGAON RC

SOGAMARN RC

DAMA BRC

Legend

Legend

Legend

Authoral Highway

Rathway line

Rathway line

Rathway line

Rathway line

Rathway line

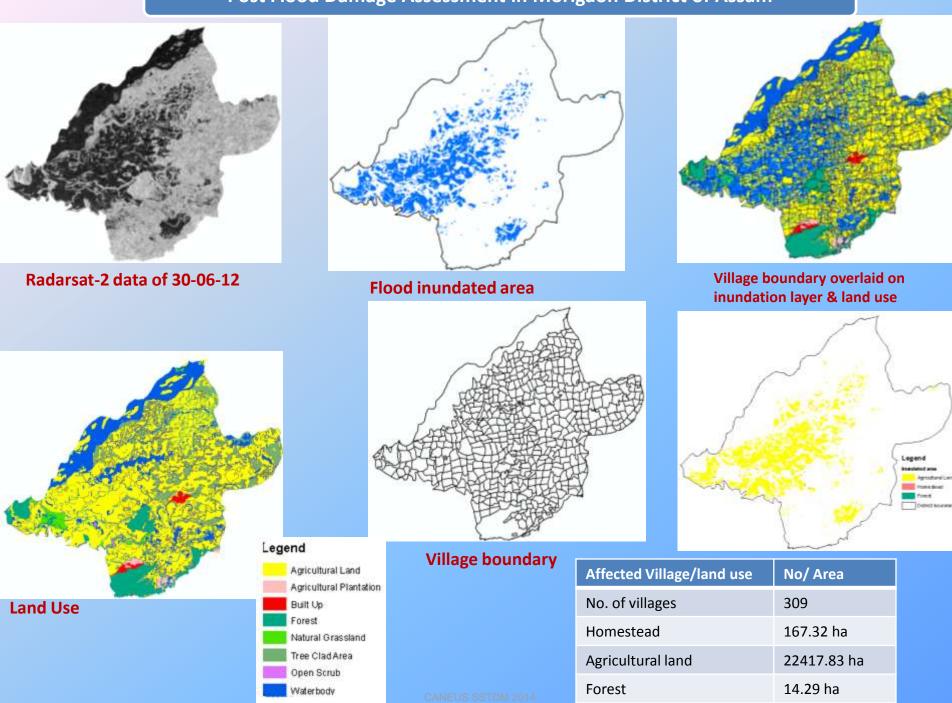
Rathway line

Disclaimer: This alert is a planning tool only and not for legal purposes.

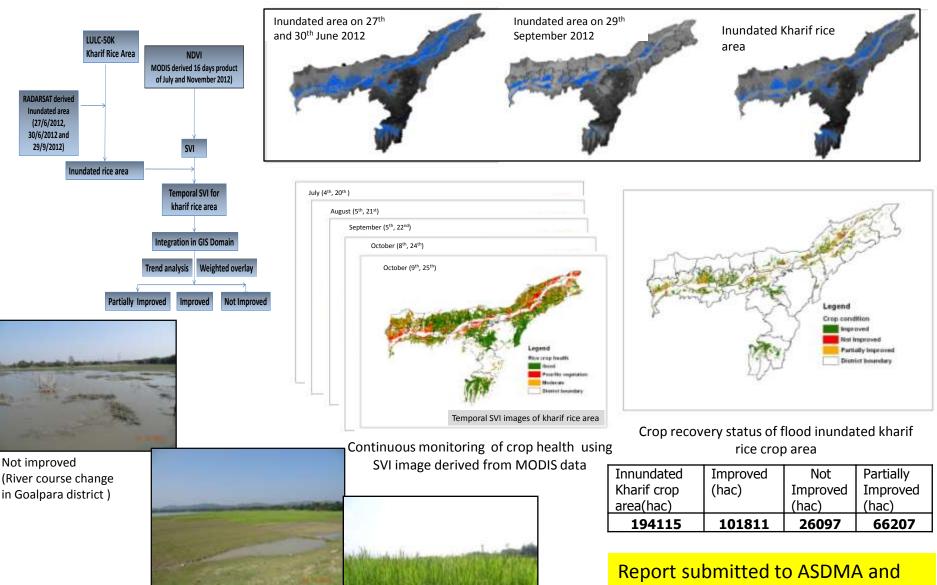
Attachments: Revenue Circle maps showing rivers under forecast

(A brief alert through Group SMS)

Post Flood Damage Assessment in Morigaon District of Assam



Monitoring of flood inundated kharif rice area of Assam and assessment on the current state of recovery using remote sensing and GIS technique.



CANEUS SSTDM 2014

Improved

In Kachar

Partially Improved

late transplanting in Haiakandi)

Report submitted to ASDMA and Chief Scretary, Govt of Assam

BRAHMAPUTRA BANK EROSION STUDY

Based on Satellite (AWiFS) images of December, 2006 and November, 2011 Districtwise area affected by bankline change DISTRICT NAME EROSION (sq km) DEPOSITION (sq km) BARPETA 12.9681 4.5061 BONGAIGAON 2.6939 0.7014 DARRANG 18.0698 6.1593 15.6638 32.2306 DHEMAJI 3.6267 DHUBRI 19.2290 2.5214 6.8506 DIBRUGARH GOALPARA 6.8528 8.0376 11.4452 7.0309 GOLAGHAT JORHAT 19.0917 13.4074 KAMRUP_METRO 2.8180 2.2761 12.1270 6.3335 KAMRUP_RURAL Legend LAKHIMPUR 31.8437 10.6677 MORIGAON 23.3987 0.9610 Change NAGAON 4.1764 Deposition NALBARI 0.3513 3.4205 TOTAL CHANGE (2006 to 2011) SIBSAGAR 0.3612 7.1013 Erosion Erosion: 232.34 sq km SONITPUR 26.7174 14.3102 No Change TINSUKIA 21.6000 25.3676 Deposition: 157.32 sq km Kilometers 100 50 200

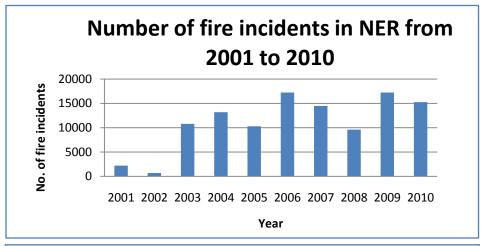
CANEUS SSTDM 2014

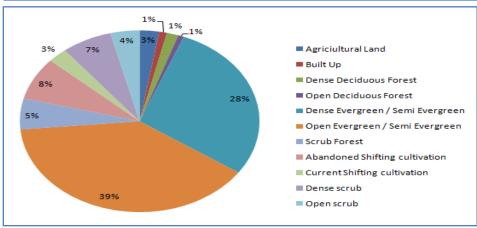
Recognitions for FLEWS

- (1) The project has been recognised as one of the **best innovative practices in governance sector** by the Department of Administrative Reforms, Ministry of Public Grievances & Pensions, Govt. of India and has been funded for its professional documentation (based on its success till 2011).
- (2) The project has also been shortlisted for **Prime Minister's award for innovation in Public Administration** for 2012 and has already been scrutinised by a team of experts on 9th November, 2012 at ASDMA, Guwahati.
- (3) After its encouraging success from 2009 to 2011, Govt. of Assam has funded FLEWS for three subsequent flood seasons of 2012, 2013 & 2014 after inviting financial proposal from NESAC.
- (4) Columbia Water Centre (CWC) of Columbia University, USA has also expressed interest to collaborate with NESAC for developing flood model for the greater Brahmaputra basin (Under MOU signed with Assam Govt.)
- (5) Winner of e North East Award 2013

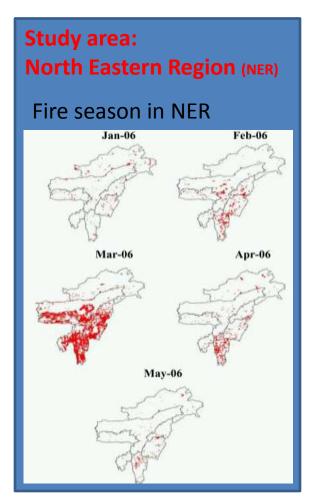


Scope and Objective





Spatial variability differed in forest burned biomass forest and fire with counts biomass burned being largest in central India but frequency fire being highest in the east-northeast India.



The main objectives of the forest fire monitoring under NER-DRR are:

- To support the ongoing **forest fire mitigation programs** in the region by providing fire alerts in the form of forest fire risk zone maps
- To support the forest fire management authorities like forest dept. to take up advance fire management measures

FOREST FIRE RISK ALERT & VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT



INPUT DATA >MODIS onboard Terra (EOS AM) and Aqua (EOS PM) satellite acquire data continuously providing global coverage every 1-2 days.

>Terra (EOS AM) passes over the equator at approximately 10:30 am and Aqua (EOS PM) satellite passes over the equator at approximately 1:30 pm for descending node

>Brightness temperature of band 21/22(3.929-3.989 μm) and 31 (10.78-11.28 μm) is used for active fire detection using a contextual algorithm (Giglio et al., 2003)

>A MODIS active fire detection represents the center of a 1km (approx.) pixel flagged as containing one or more actively burning hotspots/fires

Daily fire pixel data is downloaded twice (for both Aqua & Terra pass) from EOSDIS/FIRMS website in shapefile format.

Only pixels with confidence level $\geq 60 \%$ is considered.

(Confidence level refers to a quality flag of each active fire pixel)

A mask is used to extract only the forest fire pixels and eliminate any false alarms

Land-use/Land-cover/Slope/Aspect/Proximity to Waterbody & Settlement is extracted within a area of 3km buffer centered at each fire pixel location

Integration of meteorological data (wind speed, wind direction and dew point) from IMD/ ISRO AWS for each fire pixel location



Giglio, L., Descloitres, J., Justice, C. O., and Kaufman, Y., 2003, An enhanced contextual fire detection algorithm for MODIS. Remote Sensing of Environment, 87:273-282.

CANFUS SSTDM 2014

Forest Fire Vulnerability Assessment Report Format

A report in tabular format for each fire pixel along with the map of the fire pixels are sent to respective forest departments and other stake holders twice daily.

Fire	Longitude	Latitude	Date	State	District	Vegetation Type/Land Use Land	9						E .		
Loca- tion (FL)	•			Name	Name	Cover Category (Buffer of 3 Km radius centered at FL)	Road Connectivity 1 Fire Location	Aspect	Slope (Deg)	Settlement (If Present)	Nearby Water Body (If Any)	Wind Speed (Km/Hr)	Wind Direction	Dew Point (deg C)	Vulnerability
FLI	92.732	24.464	19/03/2014	Assam	Hailakandi	Scrub; open evergreen; jhum; forest blank; dense evergreen; bamboo; agricultural land	National Highway;Vill age Road - Kutchha	E	15-25	Yes	No	16.7	W	11.6	
FL2	92.685	24.468	19/03/2014	Assam	Hailakandi	Scrub; open evergreen; jhum; forest blank; dense evergreen; agricultural land	Metalled Road;Village Road - Kutchha	W	8-15	Yes	No	16.4	W	11.8	
FL3	92.689	24.472	19/03/2014	Assam	Hailakandi	Scrub; open evergreen; jhum; forest blank; dense evergreen; agricultural land	Metalled Road;Village Road - Kutchha	NW	3-8	Yes	No	16.5	W	11.8	
FL4	93.056	24.597	19/03/2014	Assam	Cachar	Scrub; open evergreen; jhum; dense evergreen; agricultural land	Village Road - Kutchha	NE	8-15	Yes	Yes	16.8	W	10.3	
FL5	93.068	24.598	19/03/2014	Assam	Cachar	Scrub; open evergreen; jhum; dense evergreen; bamboo; agricultural land	Village Road - Kutchha	NW	3-8	Yes	Yes	16.7	W	10.2	
FL6	93.061	24.608	19/03/2014	Assam	Cachar	Scrub; open evergreen; jhum; dense evergreen; bamboo; agricultural land	NA	NW	8-15	Yes	Yes	16.8	W	10.2	
FL7	93.259	25.200	19/03/2014	Assam	N C Hills	Scrub; open deciduous; jhum; dense deciduous; bamboo; agricultural land	Other road	SW	15-25	Yes	Yes	19.4	W	9.3	
FL8	93.104	25.233	19/03/2014	Assam	N C Hills	Scrub; open deciduous; jhum; dense deciduous; bamboo	Metalled Road; Other road	NW	8-15	Yes	No	19.7	W	10.1	

Data source: MODIS, Bhuvan, ISRO & IMD-AWS

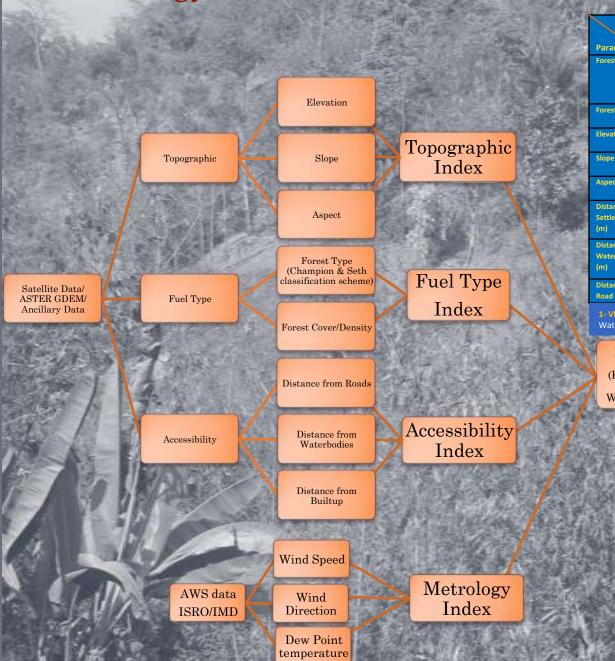
* NA: Not Available

Note: The fire locations reported are with confidence level \geq 60%



Disclaimer: This report is only for planning tool not for any legal purposes; NESAC Team

Methodology flow chart for fire vulnerability zone mapping



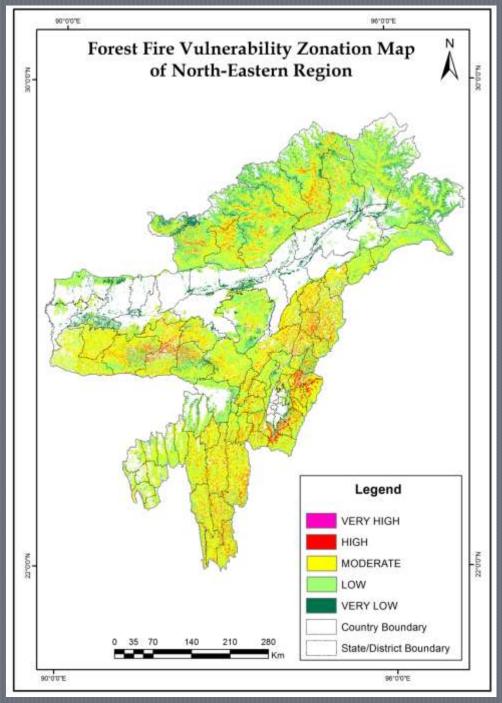
STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN		OF STREET	-		-
Score Parameter	1	2	3	4	5
Forest Type	Plantation	Evergreen /Semi- evergreen	Conifers/ Deciduous/ Alpine scrub/ Alpine forest	Bamboo/ Scrub/ Temperat e forest	Pine
Forest Cover	VERY DENSE		MODERATE		OPEN
Elevation	<200	200-500	500-1000	1000- 1500	1500- 2000
Slope (deg)	0-3	3-8	8-15	15-25	25-35
Aspect	N/NE/NW	E	SE/W	SW	S
Distance to Settlement (m)	2500- 3000	2000- 2500	1500-2000	1000- 1500/ 500-1000	<500
Distance to Waterbody (m)	0-100	100-200	200-300	300-500/ 500-1000	>1000
Distance to Road (m)	250-300	200-250	150-200	50-100/ 100-150	<50

1- VERY LOW 2- LOW 3- MODERATE 4-HIGH 5-VERY HIGH Waterbody/Agriculture/Settlement/Snow were excluded from calculation

Fire Risk model (Knowledge base/ Weightages)

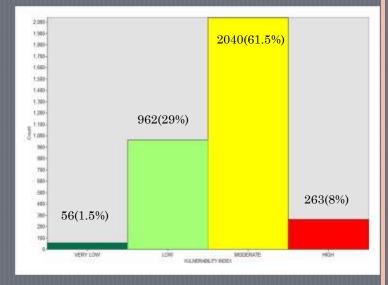




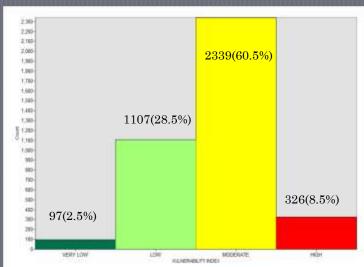


alidation analysis of forest fire vulnerability map with reference to hot spots (1st to 25th March 2014)

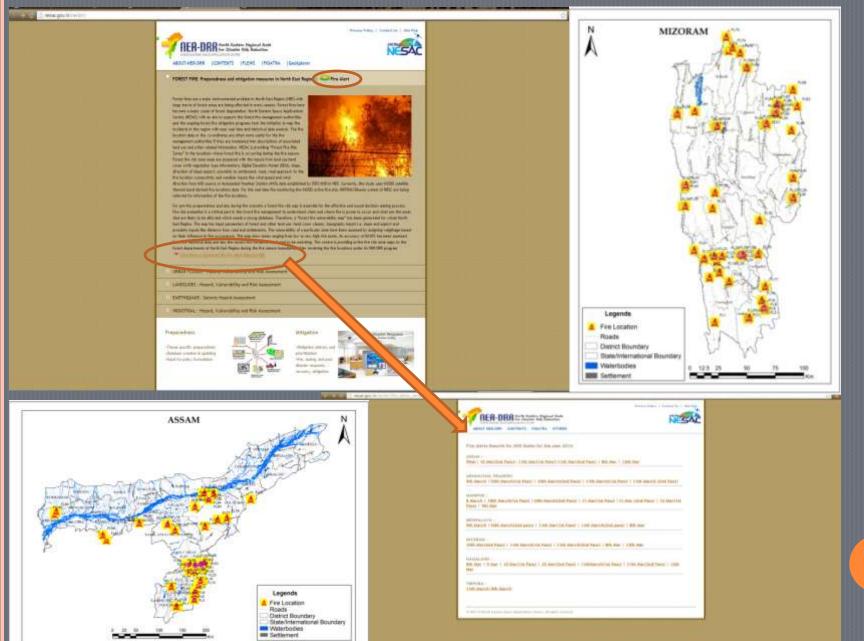
Vulnerability Histogram of FSI fire pixels



Vulnerability Histogram of MODIS/FIRMS fire pixels



Fire Alert Map/Report is daily uploaded on NESAC/NER-DRR portal www.nesac.gov.in



Forest Fire Incidence in Mizoram 23.65N; 92.72E Date: 13/3/14 23.74N; 92.56E Champhai Date: 12/3/14 Lunglei 23.68N; 92.73E 23.30N; 92.78E Lawngtlai Date: 13/3/14 Date: 13/3/14

Mobile Application for CSDM

Fleld DAta Transmission using Mobile Technology (FIDATRA)

(Developed by NESAC)

Salient Feature

- Apps developed in Android platform
- Any phone with with Android O/S, GPS and Camera can be used
- Communication through GPRS
- Following data may be send
 - Positional data (Lat, Long and Alt.)
 - Photo
 - Video
 - Text
- Graphical representation of data using map/table in the server end
- Also can be used for sending ground truth data from field for any project







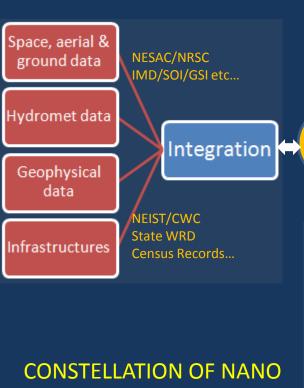




Operational view of NER-DRR

...an unique initiation for disaster management support in NER

SHARING OF DATA AND FREE FLOW OF DATABASE



CONSTELLATION OF NANO SATELLITES OF OPITAL -TR AND SAR MODE HELPS IN ADDRESSING VARIOUS DISASTERS IN BETTER WAY

